

NO RECEIVER.

JUDGE VAN DYKE THINKS THE "BONE DOESN'T NEED IT."

But Ex-Editor Eastman Has Some Other Remedy, Which Lies in the Direction of an Official Examination of the Books.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock was the hour set for Judge Van Dyke to render his decision in the motion of Col. F. A. Eastman vs. H. H. Boyce, asking for a receiver for the Tribune Publishing Company. The motion was made on a judgment against Boyce, who is in possession of the Tribune Publishing Company, which Mr. Eastman and another stockholder, J. M. Austin, claim that Smoothy obtained without paying for it. Pending the suit to recover the \$5000, Eastman and Austin asked for a receiver on the grounds that their property is being injured through the mismanagement of Boyce.

Judge Van Dyke refused to grant this clause of the complaint, but he decides that Eastman and Austin are entitled to have the books examined, and he will appoint an examiner when application is made, which will be done today, as Eastman and Austin's attorneys were drawing up the papers yesterday.

All of the allegations in the complaint are admitted, and appears by the following, which is a copy of the decision prepared by the court reporter and corrected by Judge Van Dyke:

In the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles, State of California, Department No. 4. V. Van Dyke, Judge, January 31, 1889. Eastman vs. Boyce. Decision of the Court on order to show cause.

The Court: The complaint of Eastman against Boyce and others, owing to press of business, I have not been able to write out any opinion, but I have arrived at a conclusion, and as I am satisfied with the result of it this morning, I will proceed to do so.

The question is not a new one in this State. Similar cases have been brought and disposed of. In this case the action is by stockholder of an alleged corporation, the Tribune Publishing Company, setting forth the corporate existence of the defendant corporation, the complaint seeks judgment in the articles or certificate of incorporation, the stock that was actually issued, being 1800 of the 2000 shares, of which the plaintiff held 320, and the individual defendants, being four in number, 1820.

Plaintiff alleges that these four individual defendants are directors, and have the sole management and control of the corporate affairs of the company. In the complaint it is alleged that they are mismanaging the affairs of the corporation and pursuing such a course as to injure its business and credit. Further, that they have favored one individual director, Boyce, by a credit extended to him to the amount of some \$5000, and that they keep the books without allowing the plaintiff to have access to them; that they are kept in an unsatisfactory, unbusinesslike way, and they ask the Court to have an auditor appointed to examine the books, and, *pendente lite*, to appoint a receiver to take charge of the business and conduct the affairs of the corporation, until it can be closed or wound up.

The defendants come in by way of demurrer and answer to the cause by claiming that, admitting the facts as alleged in the bill, the court should not appoint a receiver under the law and decisions of this State. In the French Bank case, quite a noted case in this State, in which matter was pretty thoroughly discussed by some of the ablest lawyers in the State, and the court refers in that case to the former adjudications in this State prior to the adoption of the code, and the court in the present case also referred to. The court in that case said: "Irrespective of the effect of the fifth subdivision of section 564 of the Code of Civil Procedure which will be presently considered, there is no jurisdiction vested in courts of equity to appoint a receiver of the property of a corporation in a suit prosecuted by a private party. This is only to say that there is no jurisdiction in such cases in these courts in such a case to dissolve a corporation, for the power of a receiver, when put in motion, of necessity supersedes the corporate management and immediately displaces the corporate management and substitutes its own, and assumes, in the language of the order under review, and that is a similar order to the one asked in this case, 'to do all and everything necessary to protect the rights of the creditors and depositors of said corporation.'"

The Court then says: "This precise question was brought directly before the court in the case of Neill vs. Hill (16th Cal., 145), where, in a suit brought by a stockholder a receiver had been appointed by the District Court to take possession of the property of the Gulf Hill Water Company, a corporation existing under the laws of this State. The opinion in that case rendered by Mr. Justice Cope and concurred in by the whole court, after referring to the adjudicated cases in England and in this country, uses this language: 'This decree, if permitted to stand, must necessarily result in the dissolution of the corporation, and in the event the Court will have accomplished, in an indirect mode, that which in this proceeding it had no authority to do directly. It is well settled that the court of equity, as such, has no jurisdiction over corporate bodies for the purpose of restraining their operations or winding up their concerns. We do not find that any such power has ever been exercised in the absence of a statute conferring the jurisdiction.'"

Then the Court goes on to speak of the present statute, that is, the section of the code referred to, and says: "The court, to inquire whether the jurisdiction of courts of equity, in the respect referred to, has been enlarged by any statute of this State. The only statute brought to our attention which is supposed to enlarge the jurisdiction 564 of the Code of Civil Procedure," (and then they cite that code in full, the whole six subdivisions, and proceed,) "That the case brought in the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District is not included in the sixth subdivision of this statute has been determined already, and the appointment here not having been made after judgment of course the third and fourth subdivisions can have no application. The first and second subdivisions provide for the appointment of a receiver in an action brought by a vendor to vacate a fraudulent purchase, or by a mortgagee to foreclose a mortgage, is not covered by the statute we are now considering. They exist independently of its provisions, and would continue to exist if the statutes were repealed."

The particular subdivision, however, which is supposed to confer the power in question and to authorize the District Court to appoint a receiver of the property of this corporation, is the fifth, being the only portion of the statute in which corporations are named," (and they cite the fifth), "There is, of course, no such thing as an action brought distinctively for the mere appointment of a receiver—such an appointment when made is ancillary to or in aid of the action brought. Its purpose is to preserve the property pending the litigation, so that the relief awarded by the judgment, if any, may be effective. The authority conferred upon the Court to make the appointment necessarily presupposes that an action is pending before it, instituted by some one authorized by law to commence it. But there is no statute of this State, none to which we have been pointed, which undertakes to confer upon a private person, either as stockholder or creditor, the right to maintain an action to dissolve a corporation upon the ground that it is insolvent or to obtain relief by seizing its property out of the hands of the constituted management and placing it in the hands of a receiver."

Then the Court notices cases where a receiver may be appointed, for instance: "Of course it is not to be understood that the trustees of a corporation, the persons who constitute its direction, and from time to time exercise the corporate authority in the management of its affairs are subject to the control of courts of equity, or, as observed

by Chancellor Kent: 'That the persons who, from time to time, exercise the corporate powers may, in their character of trustees, be accountable to the court (the Court of Chancery) for a fraudulent breach of trust, and to this plain and ordinary head of equity the jurisdiction of this court over corporations ought to be confined.'"

Then our courts say: "But even in such a proceeding as that the trustees must, of course, be made parties defendant (that is, in a proceeding to supervise or regulate the action of the constituted authorities of the corporation)."

Now, in this case it is true it differs from the French Bank case in that four directors are made parties defendant; but four do not constitute a board. The court is bound to take notice of the law that at least five are necessary to constitute the trustees of the corporation. Further, this application is not for the purpose of controlling the action of the trustees, but it is to take out of their hands and put in the hands of a receiver, appointed by this court, the corporate powers of the company. The law itself places the corporate functions of the company in the hands of certain persons called trustees or directors. Until the corporation is dissolved, and the law provides for dissolution, both voluntary and involuntary, the corporate functions must not be taken from these persons appointed and designated by law, and put into the hands of one who is not a trustee or director, but, like other trustees or executors or administrators, in a proper proceeding can be made to perform their duty. They can be compelled, restrained or controlled in a proper proceeding.

But in a case like this, for the appointment of a receiver of a corporation, I cannot disregard the well-adjudicated cases of the recognized law. The court is understood in this State, since the French Bank case, that if it had not been for the earnestness of counsel for the plaintiff I should not have been disposed to consider for a moment; but they seemed to think that it did not fall within that case. They rely upon a case arising in the State of Ohio. That case, at most, merely holds that the receiver having been appointed (it does not appear how or why), that the matter cannot be collaterally attacked. The Court says in that case: "It must be borne in mind that there was no legal appointment. This is not a proceeding in error or to review the order of appointment. It is a collateral inquiry. It is not enough that the Court might have erred in its action, admitting that the Court might have erred, but they say that in that action it could not be collaterally attacked. The court, in this case, should appoint a receiver, it would be subject to review, and in that case (as it would seem to be admitted to be an error) it would be an idle procedure; but, as I remarked, I do not feel at liberty to disregard the decisions of the Supreme Court of this State in this matter."

If the trustees or directors of the corporation refuse to allow the books to be examined, or if their accounts have been improperly kept, that can be ascertained. In this case there is no judgment yet; in fact, the receiver has not been appointed. The corporation, as it were, to obtain a judgment against one of the directors and in favor of the corporation. Of course being stockholders, they have an interest in that. They have an interest in seeing that all that is due the corporation should be paid to it.

The application for a receiver will be denied. It is so ordered.

If the complainants wish to enforce their right to have an inspection of the books, or to have the books examined, or for an account prepared for the benefit of all, on the proper application, it will be heard.

JUDGMENT DAY COMING.

Information from an inside source is to the effect that the intending bondsmen (should a bond be perfected) will be called upon to meet the following claims against the Tribune Company as soon as judgment thereon shall have been given:

Telegraph news bill.....\$ 1000

Pay-roll (partly paid)..... 600

First National Bank (the Murray protested note)..... 4500

Interest on same..... 200

Elliot & Co. (paper)..... 200

Interest on same at 5 per cent..... 200

Farmers and Merchants' Bank..... 500

Costs, interest, etc. (estimated)..... 200

Total.....\$10,950

The above embraces only the immediate and pressing claims, and does not include the indebtedness, which is said to be in the neighborhood of \$10,000. In this

press—the only valuable article of property about the concern—is not included, that having fallen back into the hands of J. C. Foster, Jr., the seller of the Tribune.

The failure of the Tribune Company to pay for it as agreed.

Undertaker McBratney is still in charge of the Tribune. Yesterday was the day fixed for an indemnity bond to be given to the Sheriff, but it was not forthcoming, and the undertaker remained in charge of the "Bone last night."

HE HAD A GUN.

And He Made a Heckless Use of the Firearm.

David Wilson, whose home is near Florence, about six miles south of Los Angeles, got on a rampage the other day, and with a shotgun in his hands, obliged several of his neighbors to take to the brush. They lodged a complaint against Wilson in Justice Lockwood's court, and Deputy Constable Vignes was sent down Wednesday evening to capture the desperado. Wilson, it seems, had warning of the officer's coming, and with his gun in hand, he fled with his back to the hedge, and waited for the officer to put in an appearance.

But Constable Vignes was equally wary, and instead of marching up to the cabin, he took to the hedge, and waited for Wilson to put in appearance. Thus each one was watching for the other, and nothing came of the long vigil.

Yesterday morning early Vignes took the road again, and finding that Wilson had started for Wilmington by wagon gave hot chase. He overtook the fugitive at Nigger Slough, about 10 miles from the city. Wilson was riding along unconcernedly with his handy shotgun across his knee. Vignes managed to get very close without exciting alarm and then he drew a bead on Wilson and obliged him to surrender. The prisoner and his fowling-piece were brought to town, and Wilson put up \$100 in coin for his appearance February 6th to answer the charge against him.

HELD FOR ARSON.

Lewin's Bail Bond Fixed at \$300.

The examination of Robert Lewin on the charge of arson was concluded yesterday morning, after occupying the attention of Justice Austin for nearly two days and a half.

The circumstances of the attempted burning of the New United States Hotel building were brought out so strongly and the testimony pointed so directly to Lewin, that the jury, about 10 o'clock, that there was no reasonable outcome but to hold him for trial. Indeed, on Wednesday the case was so well made out that Justice Austin ordered Lewin's bail increased to \$3000.

On concluding the examination yesterday, and holding Lewin for trial, the Justice fixed his bail at \$7500. Lewin went to jail.

About Assessments.

There have been numerous complaints of late about the county assessments, quite a number of persons claiming that they were excessive and far above the city assessments. One citizen, a small property owner, stated yesterday that he had been assessed for county taxes at \$500, while the city assessment was but \$600. He said that he put in his place at the full price that he paid for it, \$600, for the city, and swore to that, and was very much surprised when he found that the county had raised him \$300. He said that he could not understand how this had happened, and when last seen was at the courthouse to look up the Supervisors.

Special Rates.

General orders received by the G.A.R. announce special rates to members of the order and their families during the holding of the department encampment at Stockton, beginning February 13th. The Southern Pacific will charge one and one-third fares for the round trip.

GAY GAMBOLERS,

AND THEIR ATTENTION TO THE LOS ANGELES CONTINGENT.

A Sacramento Correspondent Describes How Several of Our Local Statesmen Were Taken in and Gracefully Done For by a Leadville Pair.

Some days ago THE TIMES published an account of how a gang of confidence men, who hung about the Nadeau for some weeks, did up a young man to the extent of \$1400. The young man left the town, and afterward sent for his trunk, since which time nothing has been heard from him. The "fly" sports also made themselves scarce about the place, and have not since shown up in any of their old haunts. There are still, however, a number of the festive individuals in the city, and, while they are well known, they are never molested. Of course it may be only a coincidence, but the following letter from Sacramento to the Chronicle of the 29th, from its special correspondent, but nevertheless these trustees, and shows that the party are expert poker players, at least, if nothing more. The letter will be interesting reading to a number of people in this city, and fully explains itself.

"Most of the Legislators spent the Sabbath in San Francisco, and some of those who remained in Sacramento intend on going to the recognized law. The list of popular amusements in Sacramento is somewhat limited, and if the standard game of poker were eliminated therefrom there would be little of a congenial character left to delight the souls of the Solons. Some of the gentlemen who devoted the Sabbath to the fascinating game of cards received their usual contact, and as is much advertised as the originator of maddest minstrel shows and other mammoth combinations of the variety order. A few days ago a theatrical manager, who is much acquainted with the capital in company with a tall, dark, but urbane stranger, whom he introduced as a wealthy and successful mining man from Leadville. As the manager's party of all strangers in Sacramento seems to call for an explanation, the theatrical man stated to his numerous acquaintances that he had run over from Leadville to Sacramento for a 'mission time.' He and his companion, whom he familiarly addressed as 'Tom,' had been taking out barrels of rich ore from their mine in Leadville, and in order to release the same they had been accumulating wealth, had sought the quiet of a week's seclusion at Sacramento.

"The many friends of the theatrical Colonel were not without their own share of amusement. It was known that he was never away from a confidential game of poker, and his friend 'Tom' were soon induced to one of the most popular Senatorial retreats of the city. The two gentlemen, who were well known to the local poker players in town, including the sports contingent from Los Angeles, who profess to fear no gamester or pack of cards that is not ever born of woman or marked by an expert."

"The poker players from the elms belt hailed with joy the appearance of the theatrical Colonel and his friend 'Tom' in the city. The two gentlemen, who were well known to the local poker players in town, including the sports contingent from Los Angeles, who profess to fear no gamester or pack of cards that is not ever born of woman or marked by an expert."

"The report of the misfortune that had befallen the Los Angeles contingent only whetted the ambition of other sports. An affluent Assessor from one of the Central California counties tackled the strangers and dropped a bundle of greenbacks amounting to \$3000. The stranger, who was from the north, blew himself in to the extent of \$1500, and several other rollicking sports felt to swell the perquisites of the strangers and their look-alikes. The stranger, who was from the north, blew himself in to the extent of \$1500, and several other rollicking sports felt to swell the perquisites of the strangers and their look-alikes."

"The card trick and other incidents that have come under the notice of the impoverished politicians have caused them to do their utmost to get the best of the matter. The Colonel and his friend 'Tom' will play no more poker with the law-makers of Sacramento. One gentleman of an imaginative disposition professes to have recognized in the Leadville mine owner an accomplished professional prestidigitator, but the theatrical manager swears that his friend is nothing more or less than a plain prospector and prosperous mine-owner of Colorado."

A QUEER AUCTION.

Whose Patrons Complain of Being Held for Arson.

There was another row at the auction house at the corner of First and Main streets yesterday afternoon, a young man claiming he had been robbed of 50 cents by the auctioneer. He said that he went into the place and purchased a shirt for 50 cents, laying down \$1 on the counter in payment. He was dissatisfied with his bargain and wanted his money back, when the auctioneer handed him back half a dollar, saying that was all the money he had put down. The young man kicked, and went out after an officer, but when the officer came back with him he declined to swear out a complaint, saying that he preferred to lose the money to bothering about it, although a bystander said that he would swear that a dollar had been paid. There have been several other complaints about the same place within a short time. One man said that he purchased some article in the house, giving a \$10 gold piece in payment, when the auctioneer gave him change for 45 cents, and insisted that was all the money he had paid in, in which story he was backed up by three clerks. Another old gentleman said that he had been paid, but there have been several other complaints about the same place within a short time. One man said that he purchased some article in the house, giving a \$10 gold piece in payment, when the auctioneer gave him change for 45 cents, and insisted that was all the money he had paid in, in which story he was backed up by three clerks. Another old gentleman said that he had been paid, but there have been several other complaints about the same place within a short time. 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POLITICAL.

PREPARING FOR THE CITY CAMPAIGN.

A Big Fight to Be Made for the Office of Superintendent of Streets—A Batch of Able Minds for Police Judge—A Few Gentlemen Who Want to Be Councilmen.

The slate-makers are still hard at work fixing up lists of candidates for the approaching municipal election. Of course a very large share of their work will have to be done by the convention, but like the industrious ant that rolled his pebble up for the four hundred and ninety-ninth time, they still keep at it undisturbed.

Following is some of the political gossip gleaned by TIMES reporters:

POLICE JUSTICE.

Under the new charter the office of Police Judge will be a very important office. The man who is chosen should not only know the law, but he should be a man of backbone and courage. Among the Republican aspirants are Deputy County Clerk Adams, B. W. Diehl, F. W. Cherry, Hugh Crawford, W. W. Stewart, C. E. McCusker and Joseph de la Casca. The timber is not much to speak of, but it is the best that has come to the front so far.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STREETS.

A hard fight will be made for the office of Superintendent of Streets in the coming campaign. There are a number of candidates in the field on the Republican side of the house. Among them are Capt. J. Frankfield, N. B. Walker, A. Walker, G. R. Ellis, Martin Wetzel, Capt. Blennerhassett, Col. Miller and Col. Morford.

Martin Wetzel, who has managed the throttle on a Southern Pacific engine sixteen years or more, and who is one of the best known and most popular men on the road, is thinking of breaking away from railroad, and his friends say they will support him for the office of Superintendent of Streets.

Capt. Frankfield is the strongest man in the lot if he will accept the office, which is an uncertainty at the present time, for he has not yet given his consent, although a number of his friends were out talking for him yesterday. Under the new charter, the office is one of the most important within the gift of the people of Los Angeles, and the man who gets it must be honest and up and up in every respect.

On the Democratic side of the fence Capt. Barrett, W. A. Marsh and Mathew Carr are out. Besides these gentlemen there are about a dozen fellows who would capture all the bobbies in sight and disgrace the city.

ASSESSOR AND TAX COLLECTOR.

The offices of Assessor and Tax Collector are not creating much talk, for the reason that the present incumbent, "Uncle" John Fisher and Len Thompson, give general satisfaction, and it is conceded along the line that they will not only be re-nominated, but that they will be elected if they keep their hands clean and don't train with the wrong gang. The Democrats are keeping dark for these offices, and no announcements have been made as yet.

CITY COUNCIL.

All kinds of people are popping up for Councilmen. The Democrats have made up their minds to capture the Council if possible, and they are working night and day to that end, but the Republicans are not asleep. The people have been forcibly reminded during the present Democratic administration that the city cannot be properly governed under the mossback rule, and the general opinion is that a clean sweep will be made.

C. N. Earl (incumbent), from East Los Angeles, is in the field, and is considered a good man. He is the only candidate in the field so far.

Boyle Heights, or the Ninth Ward, comes up with a big collection of names. I. C. Day of the Towel Company, J. W. Browning, R. E. Wirsching, R. B. Young, the architect, F. J. Teale, George R. Ellis and Joseph Craig, the stonecutter. They are all Republicans.

There are several names mentioned from the Second Ward. They are: H. C. Register, Charles A. Stilson, George O. Ford (incumbent), J. A. Kikinger and C. E. Day. The Democrats are keeping very quiet and will not make their fight known for some days.

The Seventh Ward the Democrats have made up their minds to elect either B. Cohn or A. McNally, and they are collaborating that ward for all that is out.

Several secret meetings were held yesterday afternoon, by prominent Republicans, but they kept their mouths shut after the meetings adjourned and it is impossible to give the results. The fight is not yet warmed up, but the chances are that it will be one of the hottest contests ever fought in this city.

THEY QUARRELED.

And the Sheriff Comes Down on their Stock.

Rather a singular attachment was served by the Sheriff on a San Pedro firm yesterday. It seems that two brothers named Hyman entered into partnership to do a general business in San Pedro, the other day, and articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk. The firm is well fixed, and it was believed that they would do a thriving business. Before they had done business many days after the papers were filed, however, a desperate quarrel occurred between the two brothers, and one of them left for San Francisco.

Why he went he does not know, but it is very certain that something has gone wrong, for the Sheriff was instructed by telegraph to place a \$10,000 attachment on the concern. Nicholson & Co. of San Francisco are the attaching creditors, but why they attached is not known, for only one set of papers were received, and the Sheriff did not have time to make copies, so they were sent to San Pedro and were served last night. The true inwardness of the thing will remain a mystery until one or the other of the brothers can be found and induced to explain matters.

THE COURTS.

JUDGE CHENEY'S COURT.

The case against Frank Tol for assault with a deadly weapon, was on trial during the afternoon.

JUDGE VAN DYKE'S COURT.

The application of Eastman vs. Boyce et al. for the appointment of a receiver of the Tribune was denied.

NEW CASES.

Willie L. Hale, Harris H. Hale and S. Hale vs. J. S. Keefe, H. T. D. Wilson (assignee) and James McLaughlin to recover \$974.15 on note and mortgage.

JUSTICE AUSTIN'S COURT.

Robert Lewin was held for arson and committed in default of \$7500 bail.

S. L. Grubbs was examined for assault with a deadly weapon, and was discharged.

Lewis Mentin was convicted of battery and fined \$5.

The usual vags and drunks were disposed of.

JUSTICE LOCKWOOD'S COURT.

David Wilson, arrested for exhibiting a shotgun in a threatening manner, was held in \$100 cash bail, to appear February 6th at 10 a.m.

Mundell and Slater, charged with assault, were discharged on motion of the District Attorney.

James Moore and William King, charged with petit larceny, were arraigned and went to jail in default of bond.

A. B. Sney and Ab. Gung, charged with dealing fan tan, were held in \$25 cash bail each, to appear February 7th. A dozen players in the same game were held in \$10 each, to appear at the same time.

Police Officer Phelan, arrested for breaking in a Chinaman's window, was allowed to go on his own recognizance until 2:30 today, when the matter will be investigated.

JUSTICE SAVAGE'S COURT.

The case of C. M. Snell, charged with embezzlement, came up, and the court ordered him discharged, declaring the complaint frivolous.

A charge of malicious mischief was dismissed on payment of costs.

TORN TO PIECES.

The Horrible Fate of a Tramp at Burbank.

Coroner Meredith went up to Burbank yesterday morning to hold an inquest on the body of a man run over and killed at that place Wednesday night by a train on the Southern Pacific Railroad. The man was noticed about the depot at Burbank during the evening, and was then under the influence of liquor. He said that his name was J. O. Dowling, or Dolan, and that he had just come from San Bernardino, where he said that he had worked for two years past for a contractor named Kelly. Dolan was a man about 40 or 50 years of age, and said that he was on his way to see a man named Jim Hanley, a boss plasterer at Tulare. He said that he had been in Los Angeles, where his ticket, check and \$7.50 in money had been taken away from him, after he had been filled with liquor, and for this reason he was trying to beat his way north. The deputy constable had him in charge at the time he made this statement, but released him and thought nothing about it. After the train passed the body was found lying scattered along the track. The supposition is that he attempted to board the moving train, when he missed his hold and fell beneath the cars, which passed over him, crushing him to pieces. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, exonerating the railroad people.

After the inquest Coroner Meredith found a letter in one of the pockets addressed to H. C. or D. C. Hara, written in red ink, from his daughter in Sacramento, from which it is believed that this may be his true name. Two whisky bottles were also found on the corpse, one of which was empty and the other about half full. The remains were brought to this city and buried at the County's expense.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

A Pleasant Entertainment Last Evening.

Local Assembly No. 7647, K. of L., gave a pleasant entertainment at Good Templars' hall, 108 North Main street, last evening, there being a good attendance. Following was the programme:

Remains—By A. B. Street, presiding.
Song—Henry Harding.
Address—By W. H. Dockweiler on Society.
Reading—Mr. Sinc.
Song—Mrs. T. Vernon.
Recitation—George Folger.
Recitation—Miss Bookings.
Song—Mr. Baker.
Objects of the K. of L.—S. R. Stevens.
Piano solo—Miss Rosmond.
Recitation—Frank A. Leeder.
Vocal duet—B. C. Holmes and Mr. Parker.
Violin and piano duet—Messrs. Ellison and Pierce.
Song, with guitar accompaniment—Messrs. Ellison and Parker.
Piano solo—Mr. Hodge.
Social hop.

These meetings will be repeated the third Thursday of each month in Good Templars' hall, 108 North Main.

Relief Committee.

At the close of the exercises at G. A. R. Hall last evening the formation of a Central Relief Committee of the Woman's Relief Corps was announced. All people who have cast-off clothing for men, women or children are requested to leave it with Mrs. Charnock, Los Angeles street, at the foot of Sixth. It is said that there is a good deal of destitution and suffering in the city.

He Kicked.

Yesterday afternoon Officer Collins brought a couple of men to the police station, saying that one of them had objected to the other following him, saying it was for an improper purpose. It was developed at the station that the complainant was of weak mind, and was traveling in charge of the other as keeper. On this statement, the men were discharged.

County Division.

In order to ascertain the true sentiment of the people within the limits of the proposed new county of Orange, a mass meeting has been called for Saturday, February 2d, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Spurgeon's hall at Santa Ana.

Eye and Ear Diseases.

Dr. S. M. Slocum of Pittsburgh, Pa., lately associated with the celebrated Dr. Fader, is now permanently located at No. 230 South Main street (Moro Casale). Dr. Slocum treats diseases of the eye, ear, throat and nose exclusively. Chronic deafness, ringing, roaring and buzzing in the ears, discharging ears, and ear, throat diseases, loss of voice, and catarrh successfully treated. Operations for cataract, crossed eyes, pterygium tumors of the eyelids, etc., skillfully performed. Free consultation from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Sundays 12 m. to 2 p. m.

Antenae's Sale.

The stock of books, stationery and notions of the late firm of Olmstead & Wales at 216 South Main street, will be sold regardless of cost for the next ten days. Call early and secure bargains.

Antenae's Sale.

Of Olmstead & Wales' stock of books and stationery, at 216 South Main street. Rare bargains.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Laundry.

TROY SYSTEM.

Troy Laundry Co.,

571 NORTH MAIN STREET,

TELEPHONE NO. 46.

GENERAL LAUNDRYING BUSINESS.

Hotel, Restaurant and Family Washing Done with Neatness and Dispatch.

Collars, Cuffs & Gents' Linen

A SPECIALTY.

Flannels Properly Cleaned.

TRY US FOR FIRST-CLASS WORK.

AGENTS WANTED

IN EVERY TOWN.

A liberal commission to agents sending work from surrounding towns.

RED DING'S

RUSCIA

THE BLISTERS AND

abrasions caused by work or play, as well as more serious injuries to Eyes and Limbs, and all inflammation, are as almost nothing.

If Russia Salve is at hand. Price 25 cents.

B. F. GARDNER,

BOOKS, NEWS AND STATIONERY,

362 SOUTH SPRING STREET,

Corner Fifth.

HAY, GRAIN, WOOD AND COAL.

STANBURY BROS. & HAYET, Port St.

between Fourth and Fifth. Telephone 472.

Orders promptly attended to and delivered to any part of the city. Freight collected.

TRADE-MARK

HYGIENIC NOURISHING AGREEABLE

Shirardelli's

Soluble Cocoa

The Best on the Market

Real Estate.

Lankershim Ranch Land and Water Company.

—12,000 ACRES—

—FINEST—

SAN FERNANDO VALLEY LANDS

10 Miles Northwest of Los Angeles,

On Main Line of the Southern Pacific Railroad,

NOW OFFERED IN TRACTS OF 5, 10, 20 AND 40 ACRES.

\$35 to \$165 Per Acre!

Terms, One-quarter Cash, Balance 1, 2 and 3 Years. Deferred Payments Bear Interest at 7 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Apples, Peaches, Pears, Prunes, Figs, Plums, Cherries, Persimmons, Raisins and Table Grapes. Quinces, Apricots, Olives, English Walnuts, Chestnuts and Peanuts, as well as Grain and Vegetables of all kinds, grow to the high degree of perfection WITHOUT IRRIGATION. The soil is a deep rich, sandy loam. An inexhaustible supply of water. Mr. Milton Thomas and Mr. Byron O. Clark, the well known and experienced nurserymen, have purchased large tracts of these lands and planted for the cultivation of all kinds of deciduous fruits, olives and English walnuts, and owing to their near proximity to Los Angeles city, the cheapest lands in Southern California at the price they are now offered. It costs nothing to examine these lands.

APPLY TO—

LEWIS S. HOYT, Secretary, 44 N. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

BURCH & BOAL, 3 SOUTH FORT STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

S. P. WELLS, LANKERSHIM, CAL.

Pacific Furniture Company.

AUCTION SALE!

\$50,000 WORTH

—OF—

FURNITURE!

ENTIRE STOCK OF THE

PACIFIC FURNITURE CO.,

Nos. 226, 228 & 230 South Main St.,

BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS,

COMMENCING MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4, AT 10 A.M.,

And Continuing from Day to Day Until All is Sold.

Sale Positive and Without Reserve.

BY ORDER OF STOCKHOLDERS.

NORTHCRAFTS & CLARK, AUCTIONEERS.

Jewelry.

W. M. RAGLAND,

NEW JEWELRY Store,

120 NORTH MAIN ST.,

Opp. Temple St. : : : Lanfranco Block.

A full and complete stock of everything usually found in a first-class jewelry store. Fine watch repairing a specialty.

The RUSHFORD WAGON Leads Them All!

—SEE OUR CELEBRATED—

Norwegian Steel Plows, Syracuse Chilled Plow, Harrows, Cultivators. Every thing selling BUGGIES AT COST.

MONTGOMERY, GRANT & CO., 233 N. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, And at SAN BERNARDINO

WATCH REPAIRING!

BARTLETT'S,

NO. 16 WEST FIRST STREET.

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Apples, Peaches, Pears, Prunes, Figs, Plums, Cherries, Persimmons, Raisins and Table Grapes. Quinces, Apricots, Olives, English Walnuts, Chestnuts and Peanuts, as well as Grain and Vegetables of all kinds, grow to the high degree of perfection WITHOUT IRRIGATION. The soil is a deep rich, sandy loam. An inexhaustible supply of water. Mr. Milton Thomas and Mr. Byron O. Clark, the well known and experienced nurserymen, have purchased large tracts of these lands and planted for the cultivation of all kinds of deciduous fruits, olives and English walnuts, and owing to their near proximity to Los Angeles city, the cheapest lands in Southern California at the price they are now offered. It costs nothing to examine these lands.

APPLY TO—

LEWIS S. HOYT, Secretary, 44 N. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

BURCH & BOAL, 3 SOUTH FORT STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

S. P. WELLS, LANKERSHIM, CAL.

Pacific Furniture Company.

TRADE-MARK

HYGIENIC NOURISHING AGREEABLE

Shirardelli's

Soluble Cocoa

The Best on the Market

Real Estate.

Lankershim Ranch Land and Water Company.

—12,000 ACRES—

—FINEST—

SAN FERNANDO VALLEY LANDS

10 Miles Northwest of Los Angeles,

On Main Line of the Southern Pacific Railroad,

NOW OFFERED IN TRACTS OF 5, 10, 20 AND 40 ACRES.

\$35 to \$165 Per Acre!

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Pacific Furniture Company.

The Times Annual Trade Number.

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ANNUAL TRADE NUMBER,

—CONTAINING—

A COMPLETE REVIEW OF THE YEAR.

Fifty-six Large Pages. Equivalent to a Two Hundred Page Book.

The Annual Trade Number of THE TIMES, now ready, is the most complete and interesting publication of that character ever published in Los Angeles.

NOTABLE FEATURES.—It contains a business review of the year, embracing a great mass of valuable facts bearing on the city and county; a thorough exposition of our natural resources—mineral, vegetable, commercial and climatic; a review of the rise & progress of the boom, with solid proofs that the country is now in better condition than it was during the height of the real-estate excitement; a carefully compiled exposition of the varied inducements which Southern California offers to the health-seeker, the home-seeker and the tourist, besides a number of interesting and valuable special articles on pertinent subjects. It contains more solid information about the country than could be crowded into the compass of a hundred long letters, and for a few cents and the expenditure of a few minutes' time in writing the address you can send a friend more information than you could write in a month, even if you had all the facts at hand. For a dollar you can supply ten families in the frozen East with information that may lead them to join the army of pilgrims to Southern California, to their own and this country's advantage. Thus, whether viewed from the standpoint of friendship or self-interest, it will be seen that no better use can be made of a dollar than by purchasing the review in this copy of the great Annual Trade Number of THE TIMES. Not one-tenth of the pleasure can be bestowed in any other way for the same amount of money.

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Not

PASADENA NEWS.

A LARGE LIST OF HOTEL ARRIVALS TODAY.

The New Military Company—The Road to Wilson's Peak Assured—Needs a Thrashing—Local Items—Personal Mention.

PASADENA, Jan. 31.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The new military company is now an assured thing, and tomorrow evening the young men will meet to talk over the matter and take the necessary steps to effect a permanent organization.

Messrs. Clarence S. Martin and R. Williams have generously offered to donate sufficient land on which to erect the proposed observatory building.

Charles B. Warren, formerly of Kansas City, died at his home on Moline avenue at an early hour this morning. Deceased was over 70 years of age. Funeral tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

For the third time the office and reading-room of the Young Men's Christian Association is being removed, and this time to the handsome new Wooster block.

James Kirkpatrick, who found a lodging in Mrs. Green's house during that lady's absence, who was subsequently arrested, was released from custody this morning. The gentleman was in needy circumstances, and rather than be a companion to cold mother earth had sought seclusion in the home of Mrs. Green. The Court expressed leniency and dismissed the complaint.

NEEDS A HORSE WHIPPING.

Family quarrels are seldom occurrences, but then they happen their bring unpleasantness. For some time a married woman of good address has been riding a high horse, and while the hard-working parent was at home minding her own business, the mother of the neglected children has been spending her time among her male acquaintances. The visits have been extended to Los Angeles, and there two or three times a week she can be seen in company with an old gray-haired gentleman, whose feet are now on the verge of the grave, promenading up and down the main thoroughfares, laughing and joking. A few evenings since she was seen in the company of a railroad, and the affections which each lavished on the other would make a young engaged couple sick. Night after night this woman is seen in other men's company, roaming about the streets. The woman in question resides in Olivewood, and we understand unless she stays at home, a number of White Caps will pay her an early visit. The press is frequently condemned for an exposure of this kind, but when it shows the public a husband and child neglected, and an errand wife, whose pride and love for her family have fallen, it does wonders in uplifting the community as to what is intolerable.

PERSONAL.

Gov. Zulick and staff of Arizona were in town this morning for a short time, en route to Baldwin's ranch.

The following are among recent arrivals at the Carlton: T. Sanford Beatty, New York; J. C. Cameron, Los Angeles; Mrs. Ensign, Minneapolis; Minn.; Mrs. H. Grady and Harry Grady of San Francisco.

C. B. Menzies and wife of Buffalo, N. Y., and C. W. Menzies and wife of Des Moines are visiting the son of the former at the Crown Villa.

C. T. Hopkins of San Francisco, and an old resident here, is in the city.

N. P. Conroy and G. F. McClellan of Los Angeles took short runs up here today.

W. E. Louis left this evening for Riverside to visit his family. New arrivals at the Painter Hotel: John E. Jacobs and wife, Miss Addie Jacobs, New York; C. S. Sargent and wife, Boston; F. M. Rust and wife, New York; H. F. Lillibridge and family, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Reed, Brooklyn, N. Y.; D. McNeil and wife, Montana; George W. Neal, C. F. Gaines, Baltimore; Robert Douglass, Waikanae, Ill.; William Mansson and wife, San Bernardino; Mrs. M. B. Irwin, Minneapolis; J. H. Crocker and family, Chicago; H. H. Robinson, Rockford, Ill.; Mrs. M. E. Ward, Miss Minnie Ward, Miss Edith Ward, and Mrs. M. J. Poye, Mrs. M. B. St. George, Mrs. Charles Boker, Mrs. A. C. Fish, Racine, Wis.; Mrs. R. H. Hall, Mrs. L. C. Brown, Birmingham, N. J.; Mrs. T. B. Hambrook, Miss A. F. Bassett, Thomas Bassett, Chicago.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

The Religious Discussion. No. 317 South Hope Street, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Dr. Fay said in his sermon on "Liberal Christianity" that between the lids of was the Bible the doctrine of the Trinity taught. Will he please tell the world what Christ means when he says: "I and my Father are one?"—John x, 30.

He also said in John xiv, 7 to 14, that when He departs from this world, He would send the Comforter unto them—that is, the third person in the Trinity, and Philip, speaking with Jesus, said: "Lord, shew us the Father." He said: "Have I been so long with you, Philip, and sayest thou, 'Shew us the Father'?" He that hath seen me hath seen the Father.—John xiv, 8-10, and in the epistle of John vi, 7, it says: "There are three that bear record in heaven of the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost; and these three are one." What is that but the Trinity? And Christ commanded His apostles to teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost. In regard to the Word, who is the Word? St. John tells us in i, 1, that "in the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God." In verse 14 we read: "The Word was made flesh and dwelt among us." Who was it God spoke to when He said: "Let us make man in our own likeness." (Genesis i, 26). Christ explains it in John xvii, 6, where he asks the Father to glorify Him "with the glory he had before the world was," and St. Paul teaches that "God was in Christ Jesus, reconciling the world unto Himself." Here we see plainly how Moses, John and the Lord Jesus explain the Holy Trinity. These, Mr. Fay, are only a few of the many passages between the lids of the Bible that prove the Trinity.

Now, in regard to the other doctrines you taught: According to the Bible you are in error. You liberal Christians have either got to make a Bible to suit yourselves or take ours as it is. Have you read what God says in the last chapter of Revelations about adding or taking from? But liberal Christianity cannot take the Bible as it is and maintain their own doctrines.

Now, in regard to orthodox Christianity. What is it? Certainly not

what you made it out to be, for you only assailed so-called professors of it, and Christians have to admit that there are many black sheep who are church members and call themselves orthodox. But you know that to be a professor is one thing, but a possessor is quite another; and it is very unfair to take the black sheep of the church and hold them up to the world as orthodox. In regard to so many leaving the church and coming liberal in their views, I will say: Among a large acquaintance of mine in both hemispheres who have changed their views, I have yet to find the first one who had been a possessor of true religion, who afterwards went over to liberalism; but the seceders have been of that class who have so much of this world's wisdom that they could not see the simplicity of true religion, hence they failed to get it, and drifted into infidelity, which all liberal Christianity really is in a milder form. You may twist and screw the Bible as much as you please, but the facts remain the same, and will throughout eternity.

Respectfully, Mrs. J. C. Zahn.

Costly Water.

No. 20 FRIEND AVENUE, LOS ANGELES, Jan. 24.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] I have noticed letters in your paper quite frequently denouncing high rents, high prices of land, and other necessities of life which are exorbitant in price. But in my four years' residence in your beautiful city I have never seen one word in your paper about something that is more exorbitant in price than either of the foregoing articles; something that is sapping the very life out of poor owners of homes in this city. And that is the unequal and unjust price of water rent. I have crossed the continent twice, visited most all the cities of any prominence in it, and nowhere in my traveling have I seen a town with such an abundance of pure, clear water all around it as this that charges more than half the price that the owners of the Los Angeles city water monopoly compel the people to pay \$2.25 and \$3 a month for water! With the privilege of using it only at certain hours. Why are we compelled to pay lawn water 12 months in the year when we only use it about six?

I glance over last Thursday's paper and read: "Dividends of the Los Angeles Water Company for the year 1888 have been declared, which amount to \$46,465." That vast sum of money to be divided among a few men, who, perchance, spend their time driving about the city in their carriages, watching the homes of the poor, lest they might use the water at a forbidden time, so as to give them the choice of one of two things—pay two more dollars or have their water shut off.

I hope the people will rise up in their might and declare such prices in their hands enumerated unjust. I am positive these are the sentiments of the majority of water renters in this city, who are too timid to go into print. It is nothing more than robbery for a few rich men to increase their wealth by the labors of the many.

May God speed the day when this water works, like so many of our eastern cities, then we will have justice.

Respectfully, W. C. Wolfe.

Russia's Great Railroad Scheme.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.] The truly monstrous enterprise of the day is the Russian Pacific Railroad, intended to connect St. Petersburg and the Baltic with the Pacific Ocean through Siberia. This will open a whole continent of fine agricultural and stock lands, beside the best timber in the world, and mines of great value.

At present great provinces, capable of developing enormous manufacturing industries, as well as agricultural and mining, are shut up from the world, and must remain so until railroad facilities are afforded. But Russia has also in view to capture the overland trade from Western China, now carried on by means of caravans. Fifty thousand of these animals are now in the transporting trade. The astonishing development of the American Northwest seems likely to be followed by the development of Northern Asia somewhat in proportion. Of course, the first and main object of Russia is political; but commerce will ultimately control all enterprise. Meanwhile, the European states are planning the most extensive operations in the way of opening up Africa to trade.

How Men Die.

If we know all the methods of approach adopted by an enemy who are the better able to ward off the danger and postpone the moment when surrender becomes inevitable. In many instances the inherent strength of the body suffices to enable to oppose the tendency toward death. Many, however, have lost these forces to such an extent that there is little or no help. In other cases a little aid to the weakened lungs of Directors, and the sudden death and many years of useful life. Upon the first symptoms of a cough, cold, or any trouble of the throat or lungs, give that old and well-known remedy, Dr. Williams' German Syrup a careful trial. It will prove what thousands say it to be, the "benefactor of any home."

Two or Three of You.

Can combine to get a carload of Elsinore coal at \$6.50 per ton on the cars here and not feel it. Send orders to D. M. Graham, South Pasadena, or to Chaney Coal Company, Elsinore, Cal. It

New United States Hotel.

Los Angeles. Most centrally located hotel in the city, convenient to all places of amusement. Ample sample rooms for commercial trade. Rates, \$2, \$3 and \$5 per day.

Myers Bros., candy manufacturer, wholesale and retail, 417 South Spring street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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C. H. BROWN ARCHITECT AND ENGINEER, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

DORN & SLOCUM, ARCHITECTS, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

M. H. ROULLIER, ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

CHARLES W. DAVIS, ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

J. W. FORSYTH, ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

JOHN C. PELTON, JR., ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

W. O. MERTHEW, ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

W. R. NORTON, ARCHITECT, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

S. J. HAAS, ARCHITECT, 14 NORTH

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F. P. BOY, M.D., OCCULTIST AND ARTIST, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

DR. W. W. MURPHY, OCCULTIST AND ARTIST, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

DR. A. F. FARLING, OCCULTIST AND ARTIST, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

Educational.

WOODBURY'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

ST. HILDA'S HALL OF GLENDALE, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

ELUCATION, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

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A. S. SHORR, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

G. F. WHITWORTH, M.D., OFFICE, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

DRS. BEACH & BOYNTON, OFFICE, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

MRS. H. TYLER WILCOX, M.D., HAS, 101 N. Main st., between 2nd and 3rd streets.

Legal.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

SHERIFF'S SALE, NOS. 6446 AND 6447.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles, in and to the effect that the said decree was made on the 15th day of December, A.D. 1889, in the above entitled cause.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles, in and to the effect that the said decree was made on the 15th day of December, A.D. 1889, in the above entitled cause.

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